SRI KRISHNAVENI BANKING COACHING CENTRE

YEMMIGANUR, CELL: 9885303408. www.krishnaveni632.yolasite.com

MAXMARKS:200

MODEL PAPER-13

TIME: 135 MINI

GENERAL AWARENESS

- 1) Which of the following companies won the International Business of the year Award 2014 at the Asian Business Awards Midlands in Birmingham, UK, in May 2014?
 - Vedanta Resources 2) Arcelor Mittal
 - 3) Tata Sons
- 4) Caparo group
- 5) None of these
- 2) Niwatthamrong Boonsongpaisan assumed office as the interim prime Minister of which of the following countries on May 7, 2014?
 - 1) South Korea 2) Thailand 3) Cambodia

- 4) Laos
- 5) Vietnam
- 3) According to the Sunday Times super-Rich List who topped the United Kingdom's billionaire charts in May-2014?
 - 1) Hinduja Brothers
- 2) Lakshmi Mittal
- 3) Alisher Usmanov
- 4) Lord Swraj paul
- Prakash Lohia
- 4) Who will be India's next Army Chief? (He Will succeed General Bikram who retires on 31st July 2014)
 - 1) Deepak Kapoor
- 2) V.K.Singh
- 3) Ved Prakash Malik 4) Dalbir Singh Suhag
- 5) None of these
- 20th Senior National Women's football championship (It held in Golaghat in Assam on 12th May 2014) title winner is
 - Manipur
- 2) Odisha 3) Assam
- Kerala
- 5) Goa
- 6) Who is the All India Football Fedration (AIFF) women's player of the year?
 - Sakina Nesa
- 2) Bala Devi
- 3) Oinam Bembem Devi 4) Sita Sharma
- Mandakini Devi
- 7) Which of the following statements is not correct with regard to Basic saving Bank Deposit Account (BSBDA)?
 - 1) Under The BSBDA scheme any individual can open bank/account
 - 2) This account shall not have the requirement of any minimum balance
 - 3) The service available in the account will include deposit and withdrawal of cash at bank branch as well as ATMs
 - 4) While there is no limited on the number of deposits that can be made in a month, account holders will be allowed a maximum of four with drawals in a month, including ATM withdrawals
 - 5) Holders of BSBDA are also eligible for Opening Other savings accounts in that bank

- 8) The reserve Bank of India constituted a committee under the chairmanship of M.Damodaran to look into banking services rendered to retail and small customers, including pensioners and also to look into the system of grievance redressal M.damodaran is the former chair man of?
 - 1) NABARD 2) FMC 3)PFRDA 4)SEBI 5) SBI
- 9) The International Organization of securities Commission (IOSCO) is an association of organizations that regulate the world's securities and futures markets. Its headquarters are in?
 - 1) Paris, France
- 2) Madrid, Spain
- 3) Lisbon, Portugal 4) London, UK
- 5) Brasilia, Brazil
- 10) Which city will host the 39th annual Conference of the International organization of securities commissions (IOSCO) from September 28 to October 2, 2014?
 - 1) Luxembourg 2) pairs 3) Rio de Janeiro 4) New Delhi (5) London
- 11) The securities and Exchange Board of India(SEBI) has inked a memorandum of understanding with CNV to promote mutual assistance and exchange information related to securities markets.CNV is the stock market regulator of?
 - 1)Argentina 2)USA 3)UK 4) Philippines 5) Russia
- 12) Muga silk is the rarest silk in the world cultivated only in?
 - Bihar 2) Madhya Pradesh 3) Assam
 - 4) Andhara Pradesh Karnataka
- 13) Which of the following is the unit of resistance
 - 1) Ampere 2) Ohm 3) Joule
 - 4) Newton 5) None of these
- 14) Kashagan oilfield is located in which of the following countries?
- 1)Russia 2)China 3)Kazakhstan 4)Iran 5) Venezuela 15) The Fertilizer Corporation of India(FCI) plant at
- Talcher will be revived in three years. Talcherurea plant is in which of the following states?
 - 1) West Bengal 2) Uttar Pradesh 3) Jharkhand
 - 4) Odisha
- 5) Chhattisgarh
- 16) Which one of the following days is not observed on a fixed date every year?
 - 1) World Environment day
 - 2) International Women's day
 - 3) world Food day
 - 4) World Human Rights day
 - 5) World Habitat day
- 17) In 2013, huge protests took place in Taksim square, which is in?
 - Cairo
- Istanbul
- Damascus
- 4) Teheran 5) Ankara

30) Who is the first law officer of the Government 18) Abel prize is given for major contribution in ? of India? 1) Physics 2) Chemistry 3) Astrophysics 1) Attorney General 2) Solicitor General 4) Mathematics 5) Architecture 3) Chief Justice of India 4) Advocate General 19) Cairn India is known for the production of? 5) Comptroller and Auditor General 1) Milk products 2) Textiles 3) Genetically Modifies Cotton 31) The Chief of the Air Staff holds the rank of? 2) Air Commodore Air Marshal 4) Petroleum Iron 3) Group Captain 4) Wing Commander 20) Singalila National park is located in the state of 3) West Bengal Air Chief Marshal Assam Odisha 32) Sonepur hosts one of the world's largest 4) Sikkim 5) Manipur Animal Fairs. It is a town in ? 21) The Voter Verifiable paper Audit Trail (VVPAT) was used for the first time in 1) Odisha 2) Madhya Pradesh 3) Bihar 4) Jharkand 5) Punjab September 2013 in the Noksen by polls in? 33) C-DAC is a research and development Mizoram 3) Sikkim Tripura organization-DAC stands for ? 4) Nagaland 5) Manipur 1) Centre for Development of Anti/Corruption 22) All 25,000 candidates failed in the admission 2) Centre for Development of Advanced test to a university in which of the following countries in 2013? Computing/ 3) centre for Development of Advanced Bangladesh Pakistan Kenya 4) Zimbabwe 5) Liberia circuits< 4) Centre for Development of advancement in 23) Which country will host India for five Cricket 5) None of these Computers Test matches in 2014, for the first time in 50 34) Who is the first women judge of the supreme years? 2) Australia 3) New Zealand Court of India? Pakistan 1) Justice Gyan Sudha Mishra 4) England 5) West Indies 2) Justice Ranjana Desai 24) Ug 99 rust disease has severely affected which 3) Justice M.Fathima Beevi of the following crops recently? 4) Justice Anna Chandy Justice G.Rohini 2) Wheat Bajra Paddy 35) Which city is spread over two Continents? 4) Sorghum 5) Finger Millet 3) Barcelona 1) Moscow Lisbon Which country banned hunting sharks for their 5) Strasburg 4) Istanbul fins in a move to protect endangered species in 36) the eighth schedule of the Indian Constitution 2013? Deals with the ? China 2) Indonesia 3) India 4) USA 5) Malaysia 26) The Corporate Affairs Ministry will set up a 1) Fundamental duties 2) States centre of excellence and ethics in? 4) Languages 3) Union Territories Amritsar Land Reforms Ajmer Gurgaon 37) Internet.org is a project aimed at bringing 4) New Delhi 5) Rajpur 27) Which of the following is/are the aims of the affordable Internet access to additional 5 billion Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA) people. It was launched at the initiative of? 2) Marissa Mayer program? Larry page To set up newuniversities_ 3) Mark Zuckerberg 4) Sergey Brin 2) To upgrade existing autonomous colleges to 5) Tim Berners Lee 38) A Permanent secretariat of BIMSTEC will be universities 3) To increase Gross Enrolment Ratio from the established in? existing 18 per cent to 30 per cent 1) New Delhi, India Thimphu , Bhutan 4) Both 1 and 2 5) All 1,2 and 3 3) Dhaka, Bangladesh 4) Kathmandu, Nepal 28) A Systematic Investment plan (SIP) is offered Colombo, Sri Lanka by which of the following to help investors 39) Which of the following organizations is projected as a bridge between south Asia and save regularly? National Pension Fund South East Asia? 1)ASEAN 2)SAARC3)BRICS 4)BIMSTEC 5)MIST 2) Small savings schemes in post offices 3) Mutual funds 4) RRBs 5) None of these 40) Which of the following cities is the capital of Kazakhstan? 29) The Right to Information Act (RTI Act) came 1) Bishkek 2) Riga 3) Astana 4) Bamako 5) Zagreb into force in the year? 1) 2005 2) 2006 3) 2007 4) 2008 5) 2010

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (Qs. 41–55) Read the following passage carefully to answer these questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

The income disparity in the new India is massive: 36 billionaires in India and 800 million people living on less than \$2 a day. The challenge for achieving inclusive growth relates to the revival of agriculture. Farming is becoming a non-viable activity. A Confluence of factors, from poor rainfall to the new availability of consumer goods which consume much of Indian families' incomes, has driven many farmers into crushing debt. The agriculture sector has many problems with a growth rate of less than 2% in the last decade. Further scope for increase in net sown area is limited. Disparity in productivity across regions and crops has persisted. Far from benefiting from the economic boom many complain that banks don't offer the rural poor credit, forcing them to turn to greedy money-lenders, who typically charge up to 20% interest on a four-month loan. Healthcare and education costs have risen dramatically, while the global price of cotton has become depressed, largely due to the billions of dollars in subsidies Washington hands out to U.S. farmers.

The approach to the revival of Indian agriculture seems to be incremental, rather than a holistic strategy. It is important to stress that growth and equity should be pursued simultaneously rather than following 'growth first and equity next' approach. What are the challenges for achieving 4% growth and equity in agriculture? Policy makers like the National Commission on Farmers mention cost reduction in agriculture as important to compete in a globalised world. The most important problem for the farmers is output price fluctuations. There is a big gap between producer prices and consumer prices. In order to protect farmers from national and international price volatility, a price stabilization fund is needed. The supply and demand side constraints have to be removed to raise growth. The support systems have to be tuned to improve productivity and incomes of farmers with emphasis on small and marginal farmers and dry land areas. One of the differences between the green revolution in the 1960s/70s and the present 'second green revolution is that risk is higher in the latter approach as it has to concentrate more on dry-land areas. Trade liberalization has also raised the risk and uncertainty. Thus, policies have to keep in mind the increasing risk in agriculture. Agriculture policies have to be gender sensitive too since the share of women is increasing. The Government is aware that the crop sector may not be able to grow at 4% per annum but horticulture and allied activities like dairying, poultry and fisheries have to grow at the rate 6% to 7% to achieve 4% growth in agriculture. Investment in irrigation and rural infrastructure is important for agricultural growth. It is known that public investment in agriculture is lower than the requirements needed for achieving 4% growth. Bharat Nirman Programme is in the right direction but the progress has to be much faster.

- 41. What does the author view as a challenge for achieving inclusive growth?
 - Doubling agricultural growth using an incremental approach
 - 2. Regulating the availability of consumer goods
 - 3. Achieving growth and equity in agriculture
 - Reducing cost of healthcare and education for the poor through privatisation
 - Maintaining a steady growth rate of 2% during the next decade
- Which of the following factors should the Government take into consideration while

framing agricultural policies?

- A. Allied farm activities like horticulture should receive less attention.
- B. Increased participation of woman in agricultural sector
- C. Reduced risk in agriculture owing to globalisation
- 1. Only (A) 2. Only (B) 3. Both (A) & (B)
- 4. All (A), & (B) 4. All (A), (B), & (C)
- 5. None of these

43. What has prevented the rural poor from benefiting from economic growth?

- A. High rate of interest on bank creadit
- B. Exploitation by money leanders
- C. Subsidies provided by the government to farmers are insufficient
- 1. Only (C)
- 2. Both (A) & (B)
- 3. Only (B)
- 4. Both (B) & (C)
- 5. None of these

44. Why are farmers facing crippling debt?

- A. Increased expenditure on luxury items
- B. Subsidies are not provided by the Indian Govt.
- C. Prices of crops like cotton have risen dramatically
- 1. All (A), (B) & (C)
- 2. Only (A)
- 3. Only (B)
- 4. Both (A) & (B)
- 5. None of these
- 5. Why is farming not considered a feasible occupation?
 - 1. Insufficient land suitable for cultivation
 - 2. Price stabilization fund introduced by the government
 - Superior western farming practices
 - Rapid spread of road network has destroyed agricultural land
 - 5. None of these

46. What do policy makers feel is essential for India's agricultural sector to be competitive internationally?

- 1. Exactly replicating the green revolution of the 1960s
- 2. Reduce government intervention in the agricultural sector to speed up progress
- 3. Removal of price stabilisation fund
- Emphasising more on economic growth rather than on inclusiveness
- 5. None of these

47. Why is public investment in agriculture negligible?

- Government procedures for investment in agriculture are too tedious
- Present government program-mes are ensuring rapid progress
- 3. Cost of living has gone up
- There are no tax concessions for investment in agriculture
- 5. None of these

48. Which of the following is not a means to achieve 4% agricultural growth rate?

- 1. Stricter regulations governing demand and supply
- 2. Focus on increasing the income of small farmers
- 3. Attention to development of dry land
- Concentration on fisheries, poultry and other allied activities
- 5. Increasing public investment in agriculture

49. Which of the following is not rue in the context of the passage?

- Trade liberalization has reduced the uncertainty in agriculture
- 2. Currently 4% growth in crop sector is not feasible
- Indian families are spending more than what they can afford on luxury items

- Agricultural growth rate has remained stagnant during the last ten years
- 5. Fluctuations in prices pose a problem to farmers
- 50. How does the government plan to ensure a 4% growth rate in agriculture?
 - Providing licenses to unlicensed money lenders
 - Shift focus from developing agricultural infrastructure to pricing of agriculatural products
 - Provide subsidies equivalent to those given in the US
 - Maintain a 6% growth rate in allied agricultural activities
 - 5. None of these

Directions (Qs. 51-53): Choose the word which is most nearly the SAME in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

51. Compete

1. Fight

2. Struggle

3: Defeat

4. Participate

5. Pursue

52. Stress

1. Strain

2. Anxiety

Emphasise

4. Burden

5. Suffer

53. Persisted

1. Fixed

2. Insisted

3. Applied

4. Determined

Continued

Directions (Qs. 54-55): Choose the word which is most OPPOSITE in meaning of the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

54. Simultaneously

1. Independently

2. Partially

Freely

4. Jointly

5. Adversely

55. Disparity

1. Adequacy

2. Comparison

3. Contrast

4. Balance

Dissimilar

Directions (Qs.56-60): Read each sentence to find out if there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer is (5). (Ignore errors in punctuation if any)

56. Governments and businesses must reduce (1)/ its own energy use (2)/ and promote conservation (3)/ to their citizens and employees. (4)/ No error (5)

57. If the allegations (1) made against him (2) are found to be true (3) he could face rigorous imprisonment. (4) Nor error (5)

58. Having acquired some experience (1) she is no longer (2) one of those who believes (3) every explanation she is given (4) No error (5)

 On discovering that (1) it was a forgery (2) he torn up the agreement (3) he had signed. (4) No error (5)

 With regard to implementation the (1) details of the proposal (2) the committee was divided (3) in its opinion (4) No error (5)

Directions (Qs. 61-70): Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3), (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold type to make the sentence grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct, mark (5) i.e. 'No correction required' as the answer.

- Many employees are hesitate to volunteer for assignments in a foreign country because of language and cultural issues.
 - 1. hesitated to volunteer
 - hesitant to volunteer
 - 3. hesitating volunteer

- 4. hesitatingly volunteer
- 5. No correction required
- 62. Salaries in state owned enterprises today have to be in line on prevailing market rates in order to reduce turnover.
 - 1. been on line with
 - 2. to be aligned on been in line for
 - 3. been in line for
 - 4. to be in line with
 - No correction required
- 63. As a member of the Cabinet, Aiyar had the opportunity to observe debates and see which they were resolved.
 - 1. about they being resolved
 - 2. that it was resolved
 - 3. to its resolution
 - 4. how they were reselved
 - 5. No correction required.
- The Board has inability to provide any proper strategy to outdo the competition.
 - 1. not being able to provide
 - 2. has been unable to provide
 - 3. cannot provide to provide
 - 4. is being unable to provide
 - 5. No correction required
- 65. Did the court not intervened the matter many students would have been denied admission
 - 1. Because the court intervened in
 - 2. Until the court had intervened
 - 3. Had the court not intervened in
 - 4. If the court intervened between
 - No correction required
- 66. Budget hotels are being set up across the courty to provide travellers with accommodation at reasonable rates.
 - 1. are to be set in
 - 2. will be set up
 - 3. have been setting up around
 - 4. were set up through
 - 5. No correction required
- Directly the meeting commenced then the Board called for the Chairman's resignation.
 - No sooner had the meeting commenced than
 - 2. As soon as the meeting commenced when
 - 3. Hardly did the meeting commence
 - 4. Soon after the meeting commences that
 - 5. No correction required
- 68. The Director said that he did not want to see neither of the student who had failed and ordered them to leave.
 - 1. none of the students
- 2. one of the student
- 3. each of the student
- any of the students
- No correction required
- He was determined in completing the project despite opposition from the union.
 - 1. on completing
- 2. to complete
- 3. for completion
- 4. about completed
- No correction required
- 70. In his speech he failed to emphasize the only great reason why Government programmes have not benefited the poor.
 - 1. greatest reason why
- only greatest reason
- 3. only greatest reason for 4. great reason because
- 5. No correction required

Directions (Qs. 71-80): In the following -passage there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words have been suggested, one of which fills the blanks appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Amid rumours of the government planning a crackdown on stock speculation, the Shanghai stock index(71)....8.8 percent on February 27th, its(72).... one day drop in a decade (73) usual for China's stock markets, investors in New Yourk's equity markets saw this and sent the Dow Jones industrial index down more than 400 points. The drop in New York's index in turn(74)... fear in markets across Asia the following day and suddenly stock-indexes across the world (75) This chain reaction plainly (76) the increasingly(77)... place that China now occupies in the minds of global investors. Its extraordinary economic run has been the key reason for(78).... demand for everything from copper to cars much to the(79)... of multinational and Chinese investors- alike, But while investors are right about China's growing economic importance to the world they are still confused about how to(80) ... a decline in Chinese stocks.

71. 1. plunged 2. fallen

3. triggered 4. gained

5. slips

72. 1. substantial

2. significant

3. dismal

biggest

5. peak

73. 1. However 2. Being

3. Despite 4. Because

Though

74. 1. heighten 2. fuelled

3. predicted 4. ignored

5. instil

75. 1. stumble '2. corrected 3. tumbled 4. stabilised

<5. dive

76. 1. reflect

2. strengthened

3. caused

4. demonstrated

5. emphasis

77. 1. privileged 3. tangible

2. prominent

4. feasible

5. worthwhile

78. 1. variable 2. risen

3. fallen 4. volatile

5. soaring

79. 1. risk

2. detriment

benefit

5. concern

4. impact

80. 1. interpret 2. deal

welcome

indicate

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

Directions (Qs. 81-85): What should some in place of question mark (?) in these questions?

81. 92.5% of 550 = ?

1.506.45 2. 521.65 3. 518.55

4.508.75

5. None of these

82. 124 × 1213 = ?

 1.12^{7} 2.12^{39} 3.12^{17}

 4.12^{-7}

5. None of these

83. 12.22 + 22.21 + 221.12 =

1.250.55 2. 255.50/ 3.250.05

3.10.5

4.255.05

 $464 + (16 \times 2.32) = ?$

None of these

1. 12.5 2.14.5 /

2.31.2

4.8.5

5. None of these

85.78 + 5 + 0.5 = ?

1. 15.6

3.7.8

4.20.4

5. None of these

86. A bus covers a distance of 2,924 kms. in 43

hours. What is the speed of the bus?

1. 72 Kms./ Hr.

2. 60 Kms./Hr.

3. 68 Kms./Hr.

4. Cannot be determined

5. None of these

87. If (9)3 is subtracted from the square of a number, the answer so obtained is 567. What is the number?

1.36

3.42

5. None of these

88. What would be the simple interest obtained on an amount of Rs. 5,760 at the rate of 6 p.c.p.a. after 3 years?

1. Rs. 1,036.80

2. Rs. 1,666.80

3. Rs. 1,336.80

4. Rs. 1,063.80

5. None of these

89. What is 333 times 131?

1.46,323 2. 43,623 3, 43, 290

4.42,957

5. None of these

90. The product of two successive numbers is 8556. What is the smaller number?

2. 94

5. None of these

91. The owner of an electronics shop charges his customer 22% more than the cost price. If a customer paid Rs. 10,980 for a DVD Player, then what was the cost price of the DVD Player?

1. Rs. 8,000 2: Rs. 8,800 3. Rs. 9,500 4. Rs. 9,200

5. None of these

92. What would be the compound interest obrtained on an amount of Rs. 3,000 at the rate of 8 p.c.p.a. after 2 years?

1. Rs. 501.50

2. Rs. 499.20

3. Rs. 495

4. Rs. 510

5. None of these

What is the least number to be added to 4321 to make it a perfect square?

2 34

3.36

4.38

5. None of these

94. 45% of a number is 255.6. What is 25% of that number?

1.162

3.152

4.142

5. None of these 95. Find the average of the following Set of Scores:

221, 231, 441, 359, 665, 525

1.399

2.428

3, 407 4.415

5. None of these 96. If (78)2 is subtracted from the square of the number, the answer so obtained is 6460. What is the number?

1.109

5. None of these

2 111

3 113

4. 115

97. In an examination it is required to get 40% of the aggregate marks to pass. A student gets 261 marks and is declared failed by 4% marks. What are the maximum aggregate marks a student can get?

1,700

3, 745

4.765

5. None of these

2.730

98. Pinku, Rinku and Tinku divide an amount of Rs. 4,200 amongst themselves in the ratio of 7:8:6 respectively. If an amount of Rs. 200 is added to each of their shares, what will be the new respective ratio of their shares of amount?

1.8:9:6

2.7:9:5

3.7:8:6

4.8:9:7

5. None of these

99. Ms. Suchi deposits an amount of Rs. 24,000 to obtain a simple interest at the rate of 14 p.c.p.a. for 8 years. What total amount will Ms. Suchi get at the end of 8 years?

1. Rs. 52,080

2. Rs. 28,000

3. Rs. 50,880

- 4. Rs. 26,880
- 5. None of these
- 100. The average oof 5 consecutive even numbers A, B, C, D and E is 52. What is the product of B &

1.2912

2.2688

3.3024

4.2800

5. None of these

101. The diference between 42% of a number and 28% of the same number is 210. What is 59% of that number?

1.630

2. 885

3, 420 4, 900

5. None of these

102. What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? $4275 \div 496 \times (21)^2 = ?$

1.3795

2, 3800

3.3810

4.3875

5.3995

103. A canteen requires 112 kgs. of wheat for a week. How many kgs. of wheat will it require for 69 days?

1. 1,204 Kgs.

2. 1,401 Kgs.

3. 1,104 Kgs.

4. 1,014 Kgs.

5. None of these

104. If an amount of Rs. 41,910 is distributed equally amongst 22 persons. How much amount would each person get?

1. Rs. 1,905

2. Rs. 2,000

3. Rs. 1,885

4. Rs. 2,105

5. None of these

- 105. The cost of 4 Cell-phones and 7 Digital cameras is Rs. 1,25,627. What is the cost of 8 Cell-phones ad 14 digital cameras?
 - 1. Rs. 2,51,254
 - 2. Rs. 2,52,627
 - 3. Rs. 2,25,524
 - 4. Cannot be determined
 - 5. None of these

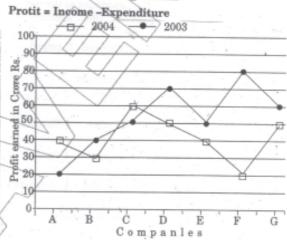
Directions (Qs. 106-110): Each of these questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and Give answer

- 1. if the data in Statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- 2. if the data in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- 3. if the data in Statement I alone or in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.
- 4. if the data in both the Statements I and II are not sufficient t answer the question.
- 5. if the data in both the Statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.
- 106. What is the area of the circle?
 - I. Perimeter of the circle is 88 cms.
 - II. Diameter of the circle is 28 cms.
- 107. What is the rate of interest?
 - 1. Simple interest accrued on an amount of Rs. 25,000 in two years is less than the compound interest for the same period by Rs. 250

- II. Simple interest accrued in 10 years is equal to the principal.
- 108. What is the number of trees planted in the field in rows and columns?
 - I. Number of columns is more than the number of rows by 4.
- Number of trees in each column is an even number.
- 109. What is the area of the right angled triangle?
 - Height of the triangle is three fourth of the base
 - II. Diagonal of the triangle is 5 metres.
- 110. What is the father's present age?
 - I. Father's present age is five times the son's pres-
 - II. Five years ago the father's age was fifteen times the son's age that time.

Directions (Qs. 111-115) Study the following graph carefully to answer these guestions:

Profit earned (In Crore Rs.) by Seven Companies during 2003-2004



111. What is the ratio between the profit earned by Company A in 2004 and the profit earned by Company B in 2003 respectively?

1.4:3

2.3:2

3.3:4

5. None of these

5. None of these

112. What is the difference (in Crore Rs.) between the total profit earned by Companies E, F & G together in 2003 and the total profit earned by these companies in 2004?

1.70

2.75

4.82

113. What is the ratio between the total profit earned by Company C in 2003 & 2004 together and the total profit earned by Company E in

these two years respectively? 1.11:9

2.9:10

3. 10:11

4. 11:10

5. None of these

114. What was the average profit earned by all the companies in 2003? (In Crore Rs. Rounded-Off to two digits after decimal?

1.52.75

2, 53,86

2.75

3.52.86

5. None of these

115. Profit earned by Company B in 2001 is what percet of the profit earned by the same company in 2003?

1.133.33

3.67.66

4. 75.25

5. None of these

Directions (Qs. 116-120) Study the following table carefullly to answer these questions. Table giving percentage of unemployed Male and Female youth and the total population for difffer-

ent States in 2005 and 2006.

		2004	5	2006			
STATE	M	F	T	M	F	T	
A	12	15	32	7	8 .	35	
В	- 8	7.	18	10	- 9	20	
C .	9	10	28	10	12	34	
D	10	6 .	24	. 8	. 8	30	
E	6	8	30	7	6	32	
F	7	5	28	8	7	35	

- M = Percentage of unemloyed Male youth over total
- F = Percentage of unemployed Female youth over total popuation
- T = Total population of the state in lakhs
- 116. What was the total number of unemployed youth in State A in 2006?
 - 1. 2,20,000

2. 3,25,000

3.5,20,000

4. 5,25,000

None of these

- 117. How many female youth were unemployed in State D in 2005?
 - 1, 14,400

2,50

2. 1,44,000 3. 1,40,000 4. 14,000

5. None of these

118. Number of unemployed male youth in State A in 2005 was what percent of the number of unemployed female youth in State E in 2006?

3.200

4, 133

5. None of these

119. What was the difference between the number of unemployed male youth in State F in 2005 and the number of unemployed male youth in State A in 2006?

1.70,000

2.45,000

3.68,000

5. None of these

120. What was the respective ratio between unemployed male youth in State D in 2005 and the unemployed male youth in State D in 2006?

1.1:1

5. None of these

REASONING ABILITY

121. How many meaningful English words can be formed from the letters 'ACER' using each let-'ter only once in each word?

1. None

2. One

2.2:3

3. Two

4. Three

5. More than three

122. If in the word FLOURISH, all the vowels are first arranged alphabetically and then all the consonants are arranged alphabetically and then all the vowels are replaced by the previous letter and all the consonant are replaced by the next letter from English alphabet, which letter will be third from the right end

2. S

5. None of these

- 123. If 'A × B' means 'B is father of A', 'A + B' means 'A is wife of B' and 'A + B' means 'A is brother of B' then what is the realation of J with L in 'J + $H + R \times L'$?
 - 1. Daughter
 - 2. Daughter-in-law
 - 3. Sister-in-law
 - 4. Cannot be determined

5. None of these

124. In a row of children facing North, Ritesh is twelfth from the left end. Sudhir who is twenty-second from the right end is fourth to the right of Ritesh. Total how many children are

there in the row?

1.35

2.36

3.37

4.34

5. None of these

125. In a certain code DUPLICATE is written as MRVFJFVBE. How is CARTOUCHE written in that code?

1. UTBEPWDJF

2. UTBFQFJDW

3. UTBEOFJDW

4. UTBEPFJDW

None of these

126. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way on the basis of there positions in English alphabet and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

1. HJG 2. PQN

5. KLI

127. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word PHYSICAL each of which has as many letters between them in the Englsih alphabet?

2. One 1. None

3. Two

5. More than three

128. In the following set of numbers, if 'l' is added to the last digit and then the order of digits is reversed, which number will be fourth if arranged in ascending order?

567 284 696 865 738

1. 567 2.284

3.6964.865

5, 738

129. In a certain code RAIL is written as 5796 and TAPE is written as 3748. How is PAIR written in that code?

1.4795

2. 4785 · . . 3. 3795

4.8795

5. None of these

130. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

1. Rose

2 Jasmine

3. Hibiscus

4. Marigold

Direction (Qs. 131-135): In the following questions, the symbols @, #, \$, © and % are used with different meaning as follows:

'P @ Q' means 'P' is not smaller than Q'.

'P # Q' means 'P' is not greate than Q'.

'P \$ Q' means 'P is neither greater than nor equal to Q.

'P @ Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor equal to Q'.

'P % Q means 'P is neither greater than nor smaller than Q'.

Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true?

Give answer

- 1. if only Conclusion I is true.
- 2. if only Conclusion II is true
- 3. if either Conclusion I or II is true
- 4. if neither Conclusion I nor II is true
- 5. if both Conclusions I and II are true.

131. Statements:

V \$ W, W @ T, T # H

Conclusions: I. V © T-

II. H % W.

132. Statements:

HOM, MOE, ESC

Conclusions: I. C @ M II. H © W

133. Statements:

N@J, J%R, R©H

Conclusions: I. R#N

II. NOH

134. Statements:

L@K, K@A. A\$W

Conclusions: I. W \$ L

II. L#W

135. Statements:

J#R, ROD, D@F

Conclusions: I. F \$ R

H. F % R

Direction (Qs. 136-140): Study the following information carefully to answer these questions:

Eight friends J, K, L, M, N, O, P and Q are sitting around a circle facing the center. J is not the neightbour of N. L is third to the right of K. Q is second to the left of N who is next to the right of L. O is not the neighbour of N or K and is to the immediate left of P.

136. Which of the following is the correct position of L?

- 1. To the immediate right of N
- 2. To the immediate right of Q
- 3. To the immediate left of J
- 4. To the immediate left of Q
- 5. None of these

137. Which of the following pair of persons represent O's neighbours?

1. L & N 2. P & K

3. M & P

None of these 138. Which of the following groups has the first per-

son sitting between the other two persons?

2. JQL

3. QNL

4. LMN

5. None of these

139. Who is to the immediate right of K?

1. PKJ

2. P.

3. Q

4. Cannot be determinedf 5. None of these

140. Who is to the immediate left of O?

1. P

2. L

. 3. Q

5. None of these

Direction (Qs. 141-145): In each os the questions below are given four statements followed by three conclusion numbered I, II & III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then, decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly knownfacts.

141. Statements

All chillies are garlics

Some garlics are onions

All onions are potatoes

No potato is ginger

Conclusions

- I. No onion is ginger
- II. Some garlies are potatoes
- III. Some chilies are potatoes

1. Only I follows

2. Only II follows

3. Only I & II follow

4. Only I & III follow

5. All follow

142. Statements

Some keys are locks

Some locks are numbers

All numbers are letters

All letters are words

Conclusions |

- I. Some locks are letters
- II. Some words are numbers
- III. All'numbers are words

1. Only I & II follow

2. Only II & III follows

3. Only I & III follow

4. Only I & either II or III follow

5. All follow

143. Statements

Some windows are doors

All doors are walls

No wall is roof

All roofs are shelters

Conclusions

- I. Some windows are walls
- II. No wall is shelter
- III. No door is shelter

1. None follows

2. Only II & III follows

3. Only I & III follow

4. Only I follows

5. None of these.

144. Statements

All bottles are jars

Some jars are pots.

All pots are taps

No tap is tank

Conclusions

I. No pot is tank

II. Some jars are tanks

III Some bottles are pots

1. Only I & III follow

2. Only I & II follow

3. Only II & III follow

4. All follow

5. None of these

145. Statements

Some fish are crocodiles

Some crocodiles are snakes

No snake is tortoise

All tortoises are frogs

Conclusions

- I. No snake is frog
- II. Some sankes are fish
- III. Some fish are frogs
 - 1. None follows

2. Only I & III follow

3. Only II & III follow

4. Only I & III follow

5. None of these

Direction (Qs. 146-150): In each of these questions, a group of digits is given followed by four combinations of letters and symbols numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4). The group of digits is to be coded as per the scheme and conditions given below. The serial number of the combination which correctly represents the group of digits is your answer. If none of the four combinations is correct, your answer is (5)

1	DIGITS:	5	8	.4	3	6	2	9	0	7	1
	CODE:	T	J	\$	#	Н	Q	0	L	%	K

Conditions:

- i. If the first as well as the last digit is odd, both are to be coded as ©.
- ii. If the first well as the last digit is even, their codes are to be swapped.
- iii. If '0' is the last digit, it is to be coded as *

146. 270514

- ©%LTK© 2. \$%LTKQ 3. Q%LTK\$ 4. \$%★TKQ
- 5. None of these

147. 364279

- ©H\$Q%© 2. #H\$Q%@ 3. @H\$Q%# 4. #H\$Q%©
- 5. None of these

148. 875306

- J%T*LH 2. H%T*LH 3. H%T*LJ 4. J%T*LJ
- 5. None of these

149, 592476

- 1. H@Q\$%T 2. C@Q\$%T 3. H@Q\$%C 4. C@Q\$%C
- 5. None of these

150, 468910

- 1. \$HJ@KL 2. LHJ@K\$ 3. *HJ@K\$ 4. \$HJ@K*
- 5. None of these

Direction (Qs. 151-155): These questions are based on the following information:

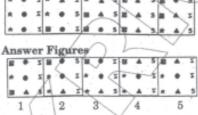
- 'A @ B' means 'A is added to B'.
- 'A * B' means 'A' is multiplied by B'.
- 'A # B' means 'A is divided by B'.
- 'A \$ B' means 'B is subtracted from A'.

In each question, some information is given. You have to find out which expression correctly represents the statment:

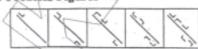
- 151. Total age of 12 boys is 'X' and the total age of 13 girsl is 'Y'. What is the average age (A) of all the boys and girls together?
 - 1. A = (X@Y)#25
- 2. A = (X\$Y)#25
- 3. A = (X@Y) *25
- 4. Cannot be determined
- 5. None of these
- 152. Population of state M (P1) is less than half of population of state N (P2) by 1, 50,000.
 - 1. P2=(P1#2)\$1,50,000
- 2. P1=(P2#2)@1,50,000
- 3. P1=(P2#2)\$1,50,000
- 4. P2(P1#2)@1,50,000
- 5. None of these
- 153. Number of boys (B) in a class is equal to one-fourth of three times the number of girsl (G) in the class
 - 1. B=(3#G) ★4
- 2. B=(3*G)@4
- 3. B=(3*G)#4
- 4. B=(3\$G)#4
- 5. None of these
- 154. Salary of Mr. X (S1) is more than 40% of Mr. Y's salary (S2) by Rs. 8,000
 - 1. S1=[S2*(40@100)]#8000
 - 2. S1=[S2*(40#100]@8000
 - 3. 2=[S1*(40#100]@8000
 - 4. S2[S1*(40@100)]#8000
 - 5. None of these
- 155. Marks obtained by Sujit in History (H) are 85% of his marks obtained in Science (M).
 - 1. H =(100#85)★M
- 2. H=85 * 100 * M
- 3. H=85#100#M
- 4. H=(85#100)*M
- 5. None of these

Direction (Qs. 156-160): In each of these questions given below which one of the five answer figures on the right should come after the problem figures on the left, if the sequence were continued?

156. Problem Figures



157. Problem Figures



Answer Figures



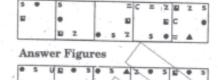
158. Problem Figures



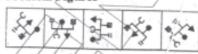
Answer Figures



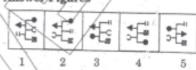
159. Problem Figures



160. Problem Figures



Answer Figures



MARKETING / COMPUTER KNOWLEDGE

161. Consumer information sources are

- 1. Personal source and commercial source
- 2. Public source
- 3. Experiential source
- 4. All of the three above
- 5. Only (1) and (2)

162. Zero-Based Budgeting (ZBB) means

- 1. A tool for marketing cost analysis
- 2. A tool for financial analysis
- 3. Each year, budgeting starts from a scratch
- 4. A certain percentage of sales
- 5. Only (1) and (2)

163. The advantages of telephone interview are

- 1. Relatively low cost per interview
- Good for reaching important people who are inaccessible
- 3. Securing co-operation which is not always possible
- 4. All of these
- 5. Only (1) and (2)

164. The abbreviation ISP stands for

- International Spy Project
- 2. Indian Social Planning
- 3. Initial Service Provider
- 4. Internet Service Provider
- 5. None of these

165. The best advertisement is

- 1. glow sign boards
- 2. on internet
- 3. T.V. Media
- 4. Print Media
- A satisfied customer

166. Acid-test of a brand is

- 1. brand preference
- 2. brand awareness
- brand acceptability
- 4. brand loyalty

5. brand equity 167. In banks ROA means

- 1. Rate of Allocation
- 2. Raturn on Assets

Return on Advances 4. Ratio of Assets 1. Money & Assets 5. Only (2) and (3) 2. Marketing & Alliances 168. In the context of globalization BPO means 3. Mergers & Acquisitions 1. British Petroleum Organisation 4. Means & Acquisition 2. British Passport Office Markets & Acquisitions 3. Budgeting Process Orientation 178. I understand marketing as 4. Business Process Orientation 1. Only selling 5. Business Process Outsourcing 2. Meeting human & social needs profitably 169. Which of the following expresses Maslow's 3. To focus on customer Motivation Theory best? 4. Focus only on producing goods/ service 1. Importance of motivation of customer development 5. Only (2) and (3) 2. Why people are driven by particular need at par-179. For an economic organization like bank, MIS ticualar times. means 3. Where human needs are arranged in a hierarchy 1. Middle Income Scheme 4. All of these 2. Management Information System 5. Only (2) and (3) 3. Management of Information & Science 170. SWOT analysis refers to 4. Marketing Information System 1. Marketing tool to understand constraints and 5. Only (2) and (4) potentials of self and competitor 180. The banlance sheet of an organization gives 2. External environment analysis information regarding 3. Internal environment analysis 1. result of operations for a particular period 4. Strategic planning for selling product 2. the financial position as on a particular date 5. South-West organization for trade 3. the operating efficiency of the firm 171. Which of the following forms the highest share 4. financial position during a particular period in household savings in India? 5, the operating health of the firm 1. Deposits 2. Currency 3. Share & Debentures 181, ESOP stands for 4. Real estate 5. Physical asset 1. Efficient Service of Promises 172. This component is required to process data 2. Employees Service Option Projects into information and consists of integrated cir-3. Effective System of Projects cuits. 4. Employees Stock Option Plan 1. Hard disk 2. RAM B. Essential Security of Police 3. CPU 4. ROM 182. One advantage of dial-up Internet access is 5. None of these it utilizes broadband technology 173. In today's changing banking scenario, aggres-2. it utilizes existing telephone service sive promotion of business is necessary where 3. it uses a router for security the competition exists on 4. modem speeds are very fast 1. Branch up-keep 5. None of these 2. Expeditious service 183. What is backup? 3. Use of advance digital technology Adding more components to your network 4. Delightful customer service 2. Protecting data by copying it from the original 5. All of these source to a different destination 174. Which of the following product, by way of an 3. Filtering old data from the new data instrument of payment, is called plastic 4. Accessing data on tape money? 5. None of these 1. Identity card 184. Network componets are connected to the same 2. Plastic card cable in thetopology. 3. Debit card 1. star 2. ring 3. bus 4. mesh 4. Greeting card 5. mixed 5. Banker's cheque 185. Two or more computers connected to each 175. When you desire to promote a customer, who of other for sharing information form a the following is a customer as defined by a bank? 1. network 2. router 1. A person regularly visiting bank 3. server 4. tunnel 2. A person regularly getting bank drafts issued 5. pipeline 3. A person regularly maintaining a loan/deposit account 4. A person regularly getting bank drafts encashed 1. website 2. network 5. A person functioning as agent for a person main-

taining a deposit account.

1. assets

2. liabilities

3. resources

4. None of these

4. cause of expenditure

176. In banks, loans & advances are considered as

177. In the era of globalisation of business, M & A

186. A computer checks theof user names and passwords for a match before granting access.

backup file . 4. database

None of these

187. Computers that are portable and convenient for users who travel are known as

 supercomputers 2. laptops

3. minicomputers 4. file servers

4. None of these

188. What is the term for unsolicited e-mail?

1. newsgroup 2. usenet

2 harkhona

assembly language
 machine language
 source code
 object code

SRI KRISHNA VENI BANKINGCOCHING CENTRE KEY SHEET -13

						_			
1)4	2) 2	3) 1	4) 4	5) 1	6) 3	7)5	8)4 ,	9) 2	10) 3
11) 1	12)3	13)2	14) 3	15)4	16) 5	17)2	18) 4	19)4	20) 3
21)4	22)5	23)4	24)2	25)3	26)1	27)5	28)3	29)1	30)1
31)5	32)3	33)2	34)3	35)4	36)4	37)3	38)3	39)4	40)3
41)3	42)2	43)3	44)2	45)5	46)5	47)5	48)1	49)1	50)4
51)4	52)3	53)5	54)1	55)4	56)2	57)4	58)3	59)3	60)1
61)2	62)4	63)4	64)2	65)3	66)5	67)1	68)4	69)2	70)1
71)1	72)4	73)5	74)2	75)3	76)4	77)2	78)5	79)3	80)1
81)4	82)3	83)5	84)1	85)2	86)3	87)1	88)1	89)2	90)4
91)5	92)2	93)5	94)4	95)3	96)5	97)5	98)4	99)3	100)4
101)2	102)2	103)3	104)1	105)1	106)3	107)3	108)4	109)5	110)5
111)5	112)5	113)1	114)3	115)2	116)4	117)2	118)3	119)5	120)1
121)4	122)3	123)2	124)3	125)4	126)1	127)3	128)1	129)1	130)5
131)4	132)2	133)5	134)4	135)1	136)2	137)3	138)5	139)1	140)5
141)3	142)5	143)4	144)5	145)1	146)2	147)1	148)3	149)5	150)4
151)1	152)3	153)3	154)2	155)4	156)2	157)1	158)5	159)4	160)3
161) 4	162)2	163)5	164)4	165)5	166)4	167)2	168)5	169)5	170)1
171)1	172)3	173)5	174)3	175)3	176)1	177)3	178)5	179)2	180)2
181)4	182)2	183)2	184)3	185)1	186)4	187)2	188)5	189)2	190)4
191)3	192)4	193)2	194)4	195)1	196)4	197)2	198)2	199)1	200)3